Dr E. B Haywood

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

A. M. GORMAN & CO., Proprietors.

DAILY EDITION, for 6 months $15
" " " 3 " 9
" " " 1 " 3
TRI-WEEKLY, for 6 months 10
" " " 3 " 5
WEEKLY EDITION, for 6 months 5

No subscriptions received on any other terms than the above, nor for a longer or shorter period.

LIST OF CASUALTIES

in the 46th Regiment since the battle of the Wilderness, May 5th:

Co A—May 5th—Wounded, private R H Wyatt. May 10th, wounded, H L Means mortally, R Mercer head and back severely. June 3d, capt H R McKinny face, private N Mercer. June 15th, killed, private James Dillard. Wounded, private C W Smith hip, severe, W Brumble head.

Co B—May 10th—Wounded, private A M Barringer. June 3d, private James Johnson thigh, severely.

Co C—May 10th—Killed, privates G W Loyd, W C Nicholson, Thomas H Peebles. Wounded, sergt H P Phillips, right arm broken, corpl G H Fleming left arm and two fingers right hand amputated, M H Watkins, privates Joe Edwards, M G Ellington leg severe, John Rivers mortally, A J Wynn arm broken. May 12th, capt S W Jones knee, privates Jno W Fortner hand, Wm P Stallings arm severely. June 1st, ensign John Hammond arm severely. June 3d, private J D Shearin both thighs.

Co D—May 10th—Killed, capt J S Watson. Wounded, sergt D J Stuart shoulder severe, private Aaron Butler face. May 31st, H P Covington arm. June 2d, privates Hiram James, James Norton hand. June 3d, capt Colin Stewart head. June 15th, privates Henry A Campbell thigh broken, John Williamson.

Co E—May 10th—Wounded, capt F Usry foot severely, privates S Thomason, W G Johnson. May 18th, wounded, private J R Kenton arm. June 3rd, private Wm Wood head. June 5th, lieut H C Latta hand, privates Josiah McGehee thigh severe, S Meadows, Joseph Aiken and corpl W K Duke.

Co F—May 10th—Wounded, private Sol Hughes head.

Co G—May 10th—Killed, private D Shuler. Wounded, corpl J O Johnson head, privates J Q Adams hip, John Holder foot severe, J W Holder arm broken. May 12th, wounded, corpl J O Johnson hip, private J Mendenhall face. June 3d, killed, privates J A Craven, J W Gordy; wounded, private F F Burgess hip. June 15th, lieut R S Small mortally, died 28th, privates Jeff Butler, E P Stinson hip severely.

Co H—May 10th—lieut John N McNeill leg, corp D T Maples arm and leg severe, private J C Causey arm. May 23d, private C Bedsale. June 1st, killed, private S Phillips. June 3d, killed private Isaac Sheffield.

Co I—May 12th—Wounded, sergt J E Exzell shoulder. May 23rd, killed, private John Spell; wounded, lieut Thos Owen foot, privates S Hudson leg severe, Thomas Gatier head. June 2nd, W N Lockman, C P Jordan. June 3rd, wounded, private Jno Butler thigh severely. June 15th, private Wm Spell side severe.

Co K—May 5th—Wounded, private P O Gilbert leg. May 10th, lieut Alex Routh mortally, died 20th. Private Marcus Boyd head. May 12th, lieut J M. Hoover leg severely, private J M Hass head. May 23rd, privates A S Eckard, Jacob Fry. June 2nd, private H H Caldwell leg severe. June 3rd, killed, private W S Hoover; wounded, O M Junett foot. June 15th, sergt Isaac Lefeores thigh severely.

List of casualties in Co. H, 31st regiment N. C. Vols., in the engagements around Petersburg and Richmond, from the 26th of May to the 20th of June 1864.

May 20th—Killed, H H Houlder. Wounded, Caswell Hurst right arm amputated.

May 31st at Cole Harbor—Wounded, Private H H Stell, in hand, private Green Jackson, in hand.

June 1st—Killed, Sergt H R Tood, privates John W Johnson, Joel H Walker, William Crowder. Wounded, corpl W D Strickland on left knee, corpl D L Lee in foot severe, privates A J Strickland severe in right arm, A J Scarborough in hand, Abraham Hester in hand. Missing, privates Lucanas Crowder, D A Hopkins, Robt Chamblee, S H Scarborough, H H Walker, William Walker, M A Ethridge, Wm H Ethridge, Saumuel Strickland, J D Peebles, H H Nowell.

Killed 51, Wounded 7, Missing 11; Total 23.

JOHN H. SMITH, Capt.

CASUALTIES IN CO. I, 49TH REGT.

Wounded, June 16th—Privates Jephthah Steward in leg, seriously.

17th—J A Sigman in hand seriously; Wm Reynolds, in hand, T J Kale in face mortally.

22nd—Henry Collins through body dangerously.

For the Confederate.

CASUALTIES IN Co. D, 61ST N. C. T.

Messrs. Editors:—Please publish for the information of those interested, the following list of casualties in my company from the 12th of May up to the 22d of June, and oblidge, yours truly, N. A. RAMSEY,
Capt. Commanding.

May 12—N A Webster, finger, left hand.
May 14—A Wrightsman, back, slight, W T Dowdy, in leg, flesh, N A Clark, finger, left hand, S A Smith, thigh, flesh, W P Holt, side, slight, D Caudle, ankle; severe.
May 16—H M Crutchfield, side and shoulder, severe, R Ausley, thigh and leg, since dead, S B Cole, thigh and shoulder, since dead, A R Phillips, arm, slight, S Eubanks, flesh, Jno Dozier, shocked by shell, Jno R Johnson, killed, A C Davis, leg, flesh.
May 18—A J Stone, killed, S P Van Duyn, cheek, J P Brown, left hand, now on duty, J A Brown, severe, David Sloan, shoulder, severe.
May 31—T C Dowd, thumb shot off by himself, to keep out of a fight.
June 1—H E Jordan, neck, severe, since dead, J L Fields, in side, on duty.
June 17—Sergt E B Ramsey, left breast, severe, Sergt A H Perry, left cheek and nose, severe, O Whitehead, right elbow, severe, L Crutchfield, neck, J W Love, killed, S W Thrower, missing.
June 16—James A Riddle and James M Thomas missing.
June 18—J J Cook, foot, now on duty.
Recapitulation: Killed 3, wounded, since dead, 3, wounded 23, missing 3; total 32.

FORREST.—The following paragraph is from an Atlanta letter in the Augusta *Constitutionalist*:

A dispatch has just been received from Gen. Forrest, who says that if he could be let at Sherman, he would force him to retreat in a week.

THE DAILY CONFEDERATE.

OLD SERIES, VOL. V.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1864.

VOL. I—No. 149.

LEGISLATIVE RECORDS.

EXTRA SESSION, May, 1864.

Resolutions of Confidence in President Davis.

Mr. Person, offered the following:

Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, That we have full confidence in the ability, fidelity and patriotism of President Davis, to whom, with the Senate of the Confederate States, who alone can constitutionally negotiate for peace, and to the efforts of our gallant and heroic army, we can only look for peace with independence; and our profoundest thanks are due and hereby tendered to our brave and devoted soldiers in the field for the heroic gallantry and fortitude which under God, have crowned their efforts with such signal success.

Referred to a select committee, on motion of Mr. Carter—yeas 49, nays 39.

Mr. Carter, from the joint select committee, to which was referred Mr. Person's resolutions concerning President Davis, ect., presented as a majority report the following resolutions as a substitute for those referred:

Resolved, 1st, By the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, that we have full confidence in the fidelity and patriotism of President Davis.

Resolved, 2d, That in our opinion, the President and Senate of the Confederate States being the treaty-making power under the Constitution, are the only legitimate agents for entering into negotiations of peace with the enemy.

Resolved, 3d, That our profoundest thanks are due, and are hereby tendered, to our brave and devoted soldiers in the field, for the heroic gallantry and fortitude, which under the providence of God, have crowned their efforts with such signal success.

Mr. Grissom, from the minority of said committee, reported a resolution similar in character to the third of the series of resolutions reported by the majority; and the question being on the adoption of this in lieu of the substitute proposed by the majority,

On motion of Mr. Person, a division of the question was ordered, and the vote was first taken on the motion to strike out.

On motion of Mr. Person, the yeas and nayes were ordered, and the House refused to strike out by the following vote:

Those who voted in the affirmative were

AYES.—Messrs. Best, Bond, Cowles, Dunn, Green, Grissom, Henry of Bertie, Hollingsworth, Ingram, Jenkins, Keener, McNeill, Parks, Perkins, Ritter, Robbins, Rogers, Russell of Brunswick, Wallen, Welborn, Woodall—21.

Those who voted in the negative were

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Altritton, Amis, Bernhardt, Benbury, Brown, Bumpass, Burgin, Burns, Carson, Carter, Cobb, Crawford, Davis, Duke, Foy, Gaskins, Gentry, George, Glenn, Hampton, Harris of Cabarrus, Hawes, Henderson, Henry of Henderson, Howard, Horton, Joyner, Judkins, Leathers, Logan, Love, Lyle, Mann of Hyde, Mann of Pasquotank, McAden, McKay, McRae, Patterson, Pearce, Peebles, Person, Powell, Rhodes, Richardson, Reinhardt, Riddick, Rives, Russ, Shepherd, Sherwood, Shober, Stancill, Waddell, Williams, Young of Iredell—56.

The question recurring on the adoption of the majority report as a substitute for the resolution referred, Mr. Person accepted them.

The question being upon the passage of the resolutions, Mr. Grissom asked a divison of the question, that the resolutions might be voted upon *seriatim*.

The question being on the passage of the first resolution, the yeas and nays were ordered.

Those who voted in the affirmative were

AYES—Messrs. Allison, Amis, Barnhardt, Barringer, Benbury, Brown, Bryan, Bumpass, Burgin, Burns, Carter, Cobb, Costner, Craig, Crawford, Davis, Duke, Foy, Gaskins, Gentry, George, Glenn, Hampton, Harris of Cabarrus, Hawes, Henderson, Henry of H, Howard, Joyner, Judkins, Keener, Leathers, Logan, Love, Lyle, Mann of Hyde, Mann Pasquotank, McAden, McKay, McNeill, McRae, Parks, Patterson, Pearce, Peebles, Person, Powell, Rhodes, Richardson, Reinhardt, Riddick, Rives, Russ, Shephard, Sherwood, Shober, Stancill, Waddell, Walser, Williams, Young of Iredell, Young of Yancey—62.

Those who voted in the negative were

NAYS—Messrs. Alford, Best, Bond, Carpenter, Carson, Cowles, Dunn, Grissom, Henry, of Bertie, Hollingsworth, Ingram, Jenkins, Ritter, Robbins, Rogers, Russell of Brunswick, Wallen, Welborn, Woodall—19.

The other resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Quartermaster's Department, C. S. A.,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C. JULY 15, 1864.

ATTENTION OF OFFICERS AND SOLdiers retired under the act of Congress to provide an Invalid Corps, approved February 17th, 1864, is called to the following paragraphs, General Order, No. 34, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Richmond, Va., March 16th, 1864.

IX. Officers retired under the act of Congress above recited, are entitled to commutation of quarters and fuel only when assigned to duty (as provided in Section 4th of said act) at a Station without troops, when public quarters cannot be furnished in kind. They will receive pay from any Post Quartermaster, upon exhibiting evidence of their retirement from active service, and the certificate of last payment required by paragraph IV, General Orders No. 28, and paragraph I, General Orders No. 126, 1864.

X. Soldiers retired from the service as herein provided, will be furnished with descriptive lists when in addition to the usual history given will exhibit the fact that they have been placed on the retired list, and designate the post at which they will be entitled to receive pay and allowances.—They will report to the Commandant of such Post, which will be nearest their place of residence, and deliver to him this descriptive list.

XI. Post Commanders are required to take possession of descriptive lists of all soldiers reporting to them, and from the date therein given at the end of every two months, to prepare muster rolls upon which these soldiers will receive pay from the Post Quartermaster or Assistant Quartermaster. They will append to each roll a certificate that it has been made out in accordance with statements presented in descriptive lists of the soldiers on file in his office.

XII. Officers of the Quartermaster's Department will issue necessary clothing to retired soldiers upon requisitions made by the Commandants of the post at which they are stationed, taking their receipts upon receipt rolls. Form No. 53, regulations, for the Quartermaster's Department.

XIII. Retired soldiers will have their rations commuted at $1.25 per day, to be paid by the Commissary at the post designated, under the order of the Commanding Officer.

W. W. PEIRCE,
Maj. and Chief Q. M., Dist. N. C.
july 18-3t

HEADQ'RS CAMP OF INSTRUCTION,
RALEIGH, N. C., July 14, 1864.

In accordance with the provisions of General Orders No. 25, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, last series, the owners of the following negroes will call at this camp and prove their claims, as required by act of Congress:

List of slaves captured from the enemy in Virginia, forwarded to this Camp by Provost Marshal at Weldon, N. C., July 3rd, 1864.

Jack, slave property of Jno Dotson, Virginia.
Ottoway, property of Jas. Dickman, Petersburg, Va.
Collin, property of Dr. Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Godfrey, property of Jno. Lewis, Brunswick county, Va.
Nichols, property of Thos. Hicks, Brunswick county, Va.
Daniel, property of Lawyer Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Tom, property of T. R. Britchford, Nottaway county, Va.
William, property of Wm. Beasley, Dinwindie county, Va.
Grief, property of Jno. B. Smith, Charlotte, county, Va.
Lovelace, property of Dr. Saunders, Lunenberg county, Va.
Shadock, property of Dick Watkins, Prince Edward county, Va.
Lizzie, property of Wm. Blunt, Petersburg, Va.
Lady, property of E. Scott, Lunenburg county, Va.
Fanny, property of Adam Finch, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Edward, property of Jno. M. Crattock, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
Sam, property of James Gregory, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
William, property of L. L. Irven, Prince Edward, Va.
Russell, property of James Hatchett, Prince Edward county, Va.
William, property of Ben. Royse, Dinwidie, county Va.
Charles, property of B. Longest, Dinwidie, county, Va.
Elijah, property of R. W. Purdy, Charlotte county Va.
Wyatt, property of Isaac Overby, Charlotte county, Va.
Harrison, do.
Nelson, property of M. A. Roberts, Charlotte county, Va.
Granison, property of H. Ogbern, Brunswick county, Va.
John, property of A. Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Patrick, property of J. C. Carrington, Charlotte, county, Va.
Matt, property of T. F. Epps, Nottaway county, Va.
Mike, property of Mrs. Susan Hutcherson, Charlotte county, Va.
Washington, property of R. Beville, Nottaway county Va.,
John, property of H. C. Horthorn, Lunenburg county, Va.
Henry, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Orange, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Banister, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Dick, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Jim, property of Capt. Burton, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Billy, property of J. E. Pollard, King William county, Va.
Sam, property of David Dugger, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Frederick, property of Henry Tucker, Mecklenburg county, Va.
William, property of Peyton R. Burrell, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
Davie, property of Wm. Owen, Prince Edward county, Va.
Edward, property of Dr. Geo. Lewis, King George county, Va.
James, property of Abram Marshall, Lunenburg county, Va.

By order. F. J. HAHR Maj. Com'dg.
C. H. WRIGHT,
july 16-d6t Lieut. and Adjutant.

Attractive Sale at Auction of Six PER CENT., LONG DATE, NON-TAXABLE BONDS.

ON THURSDAY, JULY 21ST, at 12 M., the Treasurer will sell at public auction, in the city of Richmond, at the office of Lancaster & Co., Five Millions of dollars of six per cent. bonds of the Confederate States, issued under the act of February 17th, 1864.

These bonds offer the largest inducements to purchasers. They have thirty years to run, bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, and are secured by a pledge of import and future export duties. Both principal and interest are free from taxation, and the coupons are made by the law equal to coin for the payment of duties on imports; which are allowed to be paid only in coin, sterling exchange, or the coupons of these bonds.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

The sale will be made in lots to suit purchasers. Ten per cent. on the amount of purchase must be deposited with the Treasurer, on the day of sale to be forfeited if the terms are not complied with, and the balance to be paid at the Treasury within ten days. The payments must be made in Treasury notes, of the new issue, or of the old issues of the denomination below one hundred dollars rated at two-thirds of the amount promised on the face.

(Signed) C. G. MEMMINGER,
july 18-tds Secretary of Treasury.

MUSIC TEACHER WANTED.

A Lady, perfectly competent to teach Vocal and Instrumental Music, and well recommended, can hear of a good situation, by applying immediately to THE MISSES NASH and MISS KOLLOCK, Hillsboro' N. C. july 1 d6t.

HEADQUARTERS, RESERVE OF N. C.,
WELDON, July 13, 1864.

General Order No. 3.

I. THE COMMANDANT OF CONSCRIPTS will use every possible exertion to expedite the organization of the Reserve of N. C., holding his subordinates to the strictest accountability for any want of energy or activity.

II. At the erliest practicable date, after the Senior Reserve are organized into Companies, the District Enrolling Officers will organize them into a Regiment, if there are ten companies; or into a Battalion, if less than ten Companies, by assembling the Company Officers, and holding an election for Colonel, Lieut. Colonel, and Major, for a Regiment; a Lieut. Colonel and Major for a Battalion of six or more Companies; or a Major for a Battalion of less than six Companies.

III. Hereafter, all applications for indulgences of every kind, will be made through the proper chamel to these Head Quarters; and pending such application, the applicant will be considered and treated as though it had not been made.

IV. All furloughs, leaves of absence, details or temporary exemptions, heretofore granted to officers and men, belonging to the Reserve of N. C., by officers connected with the Conscript Bureau, are revoked. All men absent, by virtues of such papers, from Companies in the field, will at once join their commands.

V. The Reserve, from being called into service only in cases of emergency, are not liable to be detailed as *Farmers, Mechanics, &c.*

By command of Lt. Gen. HOLMES.
JNO. W. HINSDALE,
july 16 d7t Ass't. Adj't. Gen'l

Wilmington Journal, Fayetteville Observer, and Ashville News copy seven times, and forward charges to Capt. J. W. Hinsdale, at Weldon.

BOOK AND JOB WORK Neatly executed at THIS OFFICE.

JOB WORK Neatly executed at THIS OFFICE.

Candidates' Cards.

CRAVEN COUNTY.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Craven

AT THE SOLICITATIONS OF MANY friends, I offer myself a candidate for re-election to represent the county of Craven in the House of Commons, in the next Legislature of North Carolina. If elected, I will serve you to the best of my ability, at all times guarding well your interests. T. H. GASKINS,
june 12-118-dte 1st Lt. Co. B, 67th Rgt. N C T

For the Sheriffalty of Craven.—We are authorized to announce, that ALEXANDER C. LATHAM is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, in the county of Craven.
may 24-101-dtf.

FOR SHERIFF OF WILSON.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE W. W. BATTS, as a candidate for Sheriff of Wilson county, at the ensuing election.
Joyner's Depot, June 15. 121-tde.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRAVEN COUNTY.

FELLOW CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS: I announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Senate for the next Term of our Legislature. During the past Term, I have endeavored to discharge my duties faithfully, and according to my ability. I thank you for the honor you have heretofore done me, and hope to merit your continued confidence and support.
Your Obt Serv't.
june 14 121-dte NATHAN WHITFORD.

SHERIFF OF CATAWBA COUNTY.

WE are authorized to announce that JONAS CLINE is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Catawba County in August next. june 27, 1864. dte.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE Dr. JOHN F. FOARD a candidate to represent the County of Rowan in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of the State.

Greene County.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Greene County:

AT the solicitation of many friends, I announce myself a candidate, to represent the county of Greene in the House of Commons of the next Legislature of North Carolina. If elected, I will serve you to the best of my ability; guarding your interests with unswerving fidelity.
J. T. FREEMAN.
Snow Hill, June 27, 1864. 133-dte.
Wilmington Journal and State Journal copy.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

WE are authorized to announce Col. M. K. CRAWFORD as a candidate for re election to a seat in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina, from Wayne county. jul 2-dte.

To the Soldiers and Citizens (voters) of Person County, N. C.

At the solicitation of many friends, I have consented to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Person county, State of North Carolina.

Should you honor me with your suffrages and elect me, I can only promise to serve you with fidelity, to the best of my ability; on all occasions to be in my place; besides, my opinions and actions in this war are so well known to you all, that I deem it entirely unnecessary to say more, and leave it with the voters of this county to decide.
tul 8-1m ALEX. M. LONG.

Johnston County.—We are authorized and requested to announce the following gentlemen as the Conservative candidates to represent the county of Johnston in the next General Assembly:

For the Senate—THOS. D. SNEAD, Esq. For the Commons—W. G. BANKS and W. A. SMITH.

This ticket was selected by the Reserves from Johnston, in camp at Goldsboro, and by a mass meeting of the citizens remaining at home, held at Smithfield on the 28th of May. These gentlemen will be supported by all true Conservatives. They endorse the platform of Vice President Stephens, Gov. Brown and W. W. Holden, and if elected will do all they can to procure an early and honorable peace June 3 110 dte.

DAVIDSON COUNTY.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Davidson County:—We are permitted to announce Col. C. W. Bradshaw, of the 42d Reg't N. C. Troops, as a suitable candidate to represent the people of Davidson County in the House of Commons of the General Assembly of North Carolina. Col. Bradshaw has been a faithful soldier in the field for three years in defence of his country; and will as faithfully represent his country's interests in the Legislature, if the people call him to that position. MANY VOTERS.
june 27, 1864. d26t

FOR SHERIFF.

WE ARE AUTHORISED TO ANNOUNCE THOMAS J WHITAKER, a candidate for reelection to the office of Sheriff for the county of Jones. july 6 23-wtf

---

TO THE CITIZENS, SOLDIERS AND REFUGEES OF PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

WE are authorized to announce GEO. W. HINTON, a candidate to represent Pasquotank county in the next House of Commons.
ma 10-89-dtw&wte

WAKE COUNTY.

THE SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized and requested to announce W. H. HIGH, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, at the election in August. ju 17-tde-d&w

---

To the Voters of Warren County, N. C.

I respectfully withdraw my name as a candidate for the Legislature. If a merciful Providence shall see fit to restore me to health once more, I prefer to remain in the service until the last gun is fired in defence of Home and Independence, and I desire no greater applause from posterity than to be instrumental of that deed and that deliverance. PLUMMER W. GREEN,
july 13 d2t* Co. E, 1st. Reg't N. C. Cavalry.

BERTIE COUNTY.

WE are authorised to announce Hon. DAVID OUTLAW, the present Senator from Bertie, as a candidate for re-election. He will vote for the re-election of Gov. Vance, and for such measures as in his judgment are calculated to procure a speedy, just and honorable peace, on the basis of Southern Independence. He is, and has been from the beginning, opposed to a Convention, believing it to be a trick, by which North Carolina was to be withdrawn from the Confederacy.

We are also authorised to announce Capt. W. M. SUTTON, as a candidate for the House of Commons. Capt. S. is in favor of Gov. Vance's election, and is a true Southern man.
july 13 1864 dte.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Academy.—The Second Session (1864) of this Institution, will commence July 1st. For Circulars and information apply to Maj. WM. M. GORDON,
ma. 17 95-d3m

Alamance County.—We are Authorized to announce Gen. JOSEPH S. HOLT as a candidate for the House of Commons from Alamance County. Gen. Holt is a Conservative "after the straitest sect," and is in favor of a speedy and honorable peace. He also believes in the right of the people to rule, and in the constant predominance of the civil over the military power. july 16 dte.

We are authorized to announce Lieut. E. H. RAY, of the 47th N. C. Regiment, for the office of Sheriff of Wake County, at the ensuing election in August next.
july 14 d6twtd.

SEQUESTRATED DEBTS.

THE undersigned will attend at the following times and places, to collect the interest on the Sequestrated Debts in his District, viz:

at Hillsboro;	July	14th,	1864.
"Raleigh	"	20 & 21.	"
"Fayetteville	"	27. 28 & 29.	"

G. H. WILDER, Receiver.
Fayetteville *Observer* copy till July 29.
june 27 dtjy 29.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.
Tally-Ho, Granville Co. N. C.

The Fall Session of this School, under the care of T. J. HORNER, assisted by J. H. ROWLAND, commences 3rd Monday in July.

The price of board and tuition is $600 per session. Application for admission should be made in advance. T. J. HORNER.
june 20-124 d18t

Mrs. H. W. Miller.
BOARD

By the Day,	$ 25
" Week,	90
" Month,	280
Meals alone,	224

june 16-d1y

SHEET IRON FOR SORGHUM BOILERS 4½ and 8½ feet long, 3-16 inches thick and 30 inches wide, for sale by
july 2-135-dtf CREECH & LITCHFORD.

NEW AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE.

W. H. AND R. S. TUCKER AND W. R. Andrews, have this day associated themselves together under the name and style of TUCKER, ANDREWS & Co., for the purpose of conducting a general Auction and Commission business. All business entrusted to them will meet with promptness and dispatch.
TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.
june 23-127-dtf

WOOL NOTICE.

QUARTERSMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, JULY 2, 1864.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO EXCHANGE Cotton Yarn for Wool, upon the following terms, viz,

One bunch of Yarn for three pounds washed Wool, and one bunch for four pounds unwashed.

Agents have been appointed to make the exchange at the following places: Oxford, Tarboro', Kinston, Catherine Lake, Concord, Rockingham, Hendersonville, Statesville, Roxboro', Asheville, Pittsboro'. Louisburg, Fayetteville, Colerain, and at this place.

Persons shipping wool to this place will please mark on the packages who they are from, and the cotton yarn will be forwarded immediately.

I hope the people will patriotically respond to the above notice, as the Wool is for clothing the N. C. Troops.

H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M., N. C. T.
July 8-140-tf

ADOLPH COHN,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO HOUSE,
AND
Commission Merchant,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.

LIBERAL advancements made on Produce consigned to me.
july 14, 1864—d3m.

Office Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co'py,
RALEIGH, July 7, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared a dividend of 15 per cent. on the capital stock, payable on and after after 1st of August, 1864, in four per cent certificates and bonds of the Confederate States, or in Confederate treasury notes of the old issue at face value, at the option of the Company.
W. W. VASS,
jul 8-dtf Treasurer.

Pitt County.

THE people of Pitt county in Convention assembled, on the 4th July, 1864, nominated the following named gentlemen as candidates to represent them in the next General Assembly of North Carolina:

For the Senate, DR. RICHARD WILLIAMS;
For the Commons, HENRY SHEPPARD, Esq., and DR. JOHN TAFT.

This is a straight-cut *Southern Rights* ticket:—opposed to the wholesale and useless exemption of men who ought to be in the army, and in favor of sustaining the Government in prosecuting the war to an honorable peace, upon the basis of our national independence. We call upon all men who love freedom and cherish the honor of their country, to give it a hearty support at the ensuing election. COMMITTEE.
july 14 dte.

HEADQUARTERS 2d DISTRICT,
DEPARTMENT N. C., AND SOUTHERN VA.
GOLDSBORO', N. C., July 12, 1864.

[CIRCULAR.]

CITIZENS are again notified that permission to pass through our lines to Newbern, WILL NOT be granted under any pretence whatever; and applications for that purpose cannot be entertained by the General Commanding.

By order of Brig. Gen. L. S. BAKER.
R. T. FULGHUM,
july 14 d6t A. D. C.

C. S. ARSENAL AND ARMORY
FAYETTEVILLE N. C. July 6th, 1864.

FOUNDRY-MAN WANTED.

ONE experienced in the business can find steady employ ment on application to the
july 9 d6t COMD'G OFFICER.

WOOD! WOOD!

WE wish to contract immediately for SIX HUNDRED CORDS OF PINE AND OAK WOOD, delivered in Raleigh or on the Railroad.
HECK, BRODIE & Co.,
Bayonet Factry.
Raleigh, N. C. July 9, 1864. july 9 d10t.

TO THE VOTERS OF CHATHAM COUNty. At the solicitation of many soldiers in the army, as well as of many friends at home, I announce myself a candidate for the House of Commons from Chatham County. I have received no solicitations from the Rahabites, the American Heroes, or the oligarchs, or those who stay at home to make money out of the families of the soldiers, and occupy their spare time in abusing better men than themselves as disloyal. I stand fairly and squarely on the platform of Stephens and Brown, of Georgia, and W. W. Holden for Governor, against the world; and I believe that without the election of such men to office we will never have a permanent peace. So far as the soldiers are concerned, I do not wish to appear to boast, but I will say that I have done as much for their families, or more, according to my means, than any Vanceite in the County of Chatham.

Fellow citizens and soldiers, go to the polls on the day of election, and vote for true-Conservatives, if you would have peace and be a free people. Do not be intimidated, but stand up for your rights. JOHN A. McDONALD.
Oakland, July 16, 1864. dte.

Piano Tuning and Repairing.

DURING the cessation of his Music School in Petersburg, the subscriber will be pleased to receive orders for Tuning, from the citizens of Warrenton and the surrounding country. Orders sent through the Post Office, or to the Warrenton Female College, will be promptly executed.
C. L. PETICOLAS.

REFERS to Mr. Andrew White, Mr. Armistead Plummer, and Mr. E. E. Parham.
july 16 d3t*.

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at THREE DOLLARS per square of ten lines (or less) for each insertion. Marriage notices and Obituaries will be charged as advertisements.

JOB WORK, of every description will be executed at this Office with dispatch, and as neatly as can be done in the Southern Confederacy.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY!!

PHIL. THIEM & Co. have attached to their Machineries at the Saddle-tree Factory,
A STEAM GRIST MILL,
For the accommodation of the public generally, and will grind at one eighth.

Persons wishing GOOD MEAL, will send their corn, and rely upon promptness and dispatch.
july 16 d6t.

LOST,

ON SATURDAY EVENING, 16TH INST., somewhere between the Hillsboro' road, near the city, and the old depot, a GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH, without guard or chain. The finder will be thanked and rewarded by leaving it at THIS OFFICE.
july 18 2t

Johnston County.

WE are authorized to announce C. B. SANDERS for the Senate, and H. H. FINCH and JESSE HINNONT for the Commons, to represent Johnston county in the next Legislature. They are in favor of the re-election of Governor Vance, and opposed to Mr. Holden's Convention project. july 18-tde

---

Chief En. Office 1st Cong. Dist. N. C.,
MURFREESBORO,' June 30, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER No. 11.

I. ALL white males between the ages of 17 and 50 (whether heretofore exempt from conscription or not) and all male free negroes between the ages of 18 and 50, will assemble at the following times and places, viz:

Those in Washington county, at Plymouth, on 15th of July.

Those in Martin county, at Williamston, on 20th of July.

Those in Bertie county, at Windsor, on 23rd of July.

Those in Northampton county, at Jackson, on 28th of July.

Those in Hertford county, at Murfreesboro', on 1st of August.

II. County Enrolling Officers and (in their absence) the Commanding Officers of the Regiments of Militia, are charged with the duty of disseminating this order throughout their respective counties, and they will be held to the strictest accountability for the manner in which their duty is executed.

(Signed) HUGH L. COLE,
Capt and Chief E. O, 1st C. D. N. C.

HEADQUARTERS MED. EX. BOARD,
1ST CONG. DIST. N. C., June 30, 1864.

The undersigned, Chairman of the Medical Examining Board for the 1st Cong. District of N. C., gives notice that he will be present at the times and places specified in the above order, for the purpose of examining such persons liable to conscription as may present themselves before his Board.

(Signed) HENRY K. COCHRAN,
jul 5-td Asst. Surg. P. A. C. S. & Ch'n Board.
Conservative copy till day.

THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1864.

Stenographers and Phonographers.—Proposals will be received by the undersigned until the first day of September next, for contracts for making verbatim reports of the proceedings and debates of the Senate of the Confederate States.

The contractor will be required to furnish his own assistants. The sessions of the Senate will, it is estimated, average about six months per annum, and about three hours per day.

Stationary will be furnished at the expense of the Senate, as also a reporter's room for writing out notes, together with lights and fuel.

The contract will be made for one year from the first Monday of November next, and a pro rata compensation paid the contractor monthly.

The reports must embrace a verbatim report of all motions, resolutions, remarks, speeches, and such amendments offered as may be necessary to explain the debates.

The committee estimate that the principal reporter and three assistants can perform the work.

The chief reporter and his assistants will be officers of the Senate, and entitled to the privileges and immunities incidental thereto, and removal by the Senate for any want of capacity or fidelity.

A fair copy of the daily reports must be written complete in time for the next daily morning papers.

Proposals will be addressed to JAMES L. ORR, Anderson, South Carolina.

JAMES L. ORR, Chairman,
R. W. JOHNSON,
A. G. BROWN.
Richmond, June 11th, 1864. 121—taw15t.

AIRAM'S SALVE.

THIS Salve has been thoroughly tested for many years, and is now offered to the public with the guarantee that it possesses all the valuable healing properties claimed for it.

For all cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, risings, felons, blisters, ulcers, excoriations, rising and gathered breasts, and for all *wounds* of every description, it will be found eminently successful in affording relief and effecting a cure.

It is peculiarly adapted to wounds exhibiting symptoms of erysipelas.

Reference is made to the following persons who have used the Salve, and can testify to its healing powers;—P. G. Snowden, Serg. P. A. C. S.; Drs. Hanks and Berry, Pittsborough; Rev. Robert B. Sutton, Rector of St Bartholomews Church Pittsborough; Hon. A. Rencher, Col. Henry A. London, Dr. W. F. Harllee, member of Examing Board 7th Congressional District.

For sale by P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh, and other Druggist in the State, and
F. AIRAM, Pittsboro,' N. C.
july 11-eod-13t

$25 REWARD.

LOST, yesterday afternoon, between the Presbyterian Church and my residence, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The finder will receive the above reward by returning them to me or leaving them at the Confederate office.
july 15-d3t† O. D. LIPSCOMB.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &C.

By S. A. Harris, Auct'r, Charlotte, N. C.

THE SALE OF MESSRS. ELIAS & COHEN, heretofore advertised, is postponed until Wednesday, the 3d of August, when I will sell, positively, to the highest bidder, a valuable stock of Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries.

The sale will continue from day to day until the entire stock is disposed of.

To Government Agents, Merchants and Farmers, a rare opportunity is here offered, as many articles will be found amongst the stock worthy the attention of buyers.
july 15—oaw-3w.

BELMONT SCHOOL.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE next session of this school will commence on the 29th July 1864.

For particulars address,
R. H. GRAVES,
Oxford, N. C.
july 14 d5t* (For Sassafras Fork Express.)

FOR SALE!

A RESIDENCE NEAR GREENSBORO,' N. C. The house is new, and one of the best in the county, containing eight, large rooms, and all necessary out-houses. The land, 226 *acres*, and produces finely. There are 1000 of the choicest fruit trees on it, selected from the Westbrook Nursery. A rare opportunity is now offered to persons wishing a home or investment.

Address J. H.
july 4 d12t Kittrell's Depot N. C.

The Confederate.

B. K. McKAE, A. M. GORMAN,
EDITORS.

All letters on business of the Office, to be directed to A. M. GORMAN & Co.

TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1864.

The Criminal Organization.

Day after day do certificates of exposure and withdrawal from this nefarious nest of tories continue to pour in; and to the extent of these withdrawals (if the parties making them are sincere) is this secret tory association shorn of its strength. But as yet, *no one* who has endeavored to make good their escape, has pointed out the leading malefactors—the prime spirits of this band of tories. The Government has indeed suspected them, and it has proof as to some of them, *and the Government is determined to act upon them;* and then these blatants blockheads who have been cat's-paws for others to put their fingers in the fire, and who now affect indifference under a very poor effort of ridicule, and who discover their alarm by the effort, and their disloyal connivance with the offence and the criminals, by their attempts to divert the investigation—these blockheads will then cry for pity; and their miserable howls of sorrow will outvie those they uttered when finding the *habeas corpus* suspended. They were stricken with terror, lest then the Government would take hold upon them. As we judge, the law will not be invoked until after the election, in order that not a particle of reason shall be afforded for any accusation of an attempt to interfere. But when this foolish and disgraceful agitation in North Carolina is past—when Mr. Holden has been permitted to have his say and shall receive the chastisement which the popular justice will bestow—then will the offended law rise up in its majesty and assert its claims to vindication. For what are the members of this society but traitors at heart, and tories in practice?

Their society commences with the enemy; it rests on the basis of illegal communication with him; it binds its members to mutual obligation towards him, and it make those who join with it, *brothers* to our Yankee invaders!

The tory accomplice here barters, for protection to himself, the sacrifice of his neighbor; and he invites to the invasion, by the announcement beforehand, that he is prepared to surrender. For this promise of protection, he engages to aid a spy, to do his work of discovery, to be followed by his work of destruction. He engages to keep the deserter in the woods, in order to weaken our forces, that the invasion may become the easier; and there *is no doubt*, that this society of "H. O. A." have sent off communications to the enemy, of our most important movements.

In Northampton county, there is a man by the name of Elliott, who has been a practised agent for the association. In Dover Swamp, on the line between Newbern and Kinston, lived a regular mail carrier and harborer of deserters, under the auspices of the "H. O. A.'s" of Kinston. He received the *Raleigh Standard* and *Progress*, and they were forwarded to the enemy with as much regularity as the government mails. The raiders on Morganton were members of this cowardly combination. The woods are filled with deserters, and they are harbored by virtue of *the oath;* and there is scarcely a week that in some county of North Carolina a loyal man is not murdered by some villain, who is a brother in this association of crime, which was allowed to grow up here in our midst.

When the Rev. W. N. Bragg made his confession, it was hoped that he would make it full, so as to communicate all he knew about it. It was known that he was among the very earliest agents selected for the work; that he was selected by the leaders, if not by the very man into whose hands the affair was first intrusted. The law is on the track of that man. Mr. Bragg, we believe, can point him out without difficulty. Mr. Bragg was Mr. Holden's favorite for the chaplaincy of the hospital. If he had been installed there, he would very soon have worked upon the sick and wounded soldiers, and if he could have succeeded in his nefarious purposes, what a spectable should we have had! The loyal soldiers of the army betrayed from their allegiance and converted into oath-bound allies of the foe!!! And this man, Mr. Holden's applicant, has initiated scores, and sought to initiate more; and when detection is before him, he goes to his patron, Mr. Holden, and finds out from him a form of confession, not to expose the crime and its leaders, but to hide them, and to make his own escape. In our opinion, a more dangerous character does not exist than this Mr. Bragg, and this community ought to look to his proceedings.

A short time remains now to the election—and then, we have an abiding conviction that this society will be taken up, ventilated, its leader exposed and brought to punishment, and the people freed from the pollutions of one of the most dangerous and disgraceful combination which ever dishonored a community.

Capt. E. B. Holden, of Caswell county, a brother of the self-nominated candidate for Governor, announces himself a candidate for the Legislature, and says:

If elected I will support the administration of Mr. Davis, and do everything I can to uphold the liberties for which we are battling.

As to the candidates which are asking your suffrages for Governor, I will give my unanimous support to His Excellency Zebulon B. Vance; believing him to be a patriot and a statesman.

County Candidates.

We have not heard the candidates in this county, and shall not, in all probability. We don't care to hear Mr. Rogers and Mr. Fowle advocate conservative partyism. These two gentlemen, we understand, do the championing of the *party*. Mr. Richardson is said to be quite an orator, but not as much so as his friends expected.

If we have any favorite among the Wake county candidates, it is Green Alford. We remember him as the pupil of Mr. Holden in the better days, when Mr. Holden was a democrat, a secessionist, and an advocate of the cause of his country. If Mr. Alford were elected, we might hope that the secessionists could have some influence; while Mr. Fowle would at once take the lead of the conservative party. And so far as party is concerned, Mr. Fowle would be more capable of injury to us than Mr. Alford—and the only recompense we could have, would be that Mr. Fowle is a patriot, and we might rely on his abilities in behalf of the cause. As a politician merely we prefer Mr. Alford. Brought up in the school of Mr. Holden, he is not likely to stay long in any place; and he has been gone about long enough now from the secessionists, for it to be time for him to come back.

Mr. Richardson, too, was an intimate friend of Gov. Bragg, and Mr. Courts, and must have learned some good secession doctrine from them. His ideas about making the nigger equal to the poor white man, as well as himself and ourself, was only a drunken notion while on a spree. Such being the excuse, we are not disposed to press hard on Mr. Richardson on that account. When men get drunk, it sometimes brings out ideas and notions that they never would have if sober. With others, the truth is brought out who never do tell it when sober. Mr. Holden, we believe, was never tight in his life, and therefore we can't say whether it would have this effect on him or not. And there are others still, who progress to the last stage of drunkenness and no effect is visible upon them at all. They won't tell the truth either drunk or sober.

Without therefore pressing the matter much further upon Mr. Richardson, we would suggest a question: How do the people know but what he might get tight again, and vote for a bill to make the nigger equal to the white man—and when he got sober not be able to *unvote* it. If we could be satisfied though on this point, we should feel more at ease.

For such old whigs, old conservatives as Mr. Laws, and Mr. Rogers, Mr. Utley and Mr. Fowle, we have no political affinities.

Militia Officers, J. P.'s, Constables, &c.

It does not follow as a matter of course, that Gov. Vance *is obliged* to certify these persons as exempts, because the Legislature have expressed a wish for their exemption. The enrolling officer is not bound to pay the slightest attention to the act of Assembly. He is obliged to enrol according to the act of Congress, and looks to Gov. Vance for his certificate. Now we wish to ask Gov. Vance one question: Will he feel bound to certify that militia officers, and justices, and constables, and other officers, are *necessary for the service* of the State, when they are shown to have joined the Secret Criminal Association?

To our mind, such officers are not necessary; indeed, are unfit to be in the service of the State. And Gov. Vance is bound to so certify, if Col. Mallett proceeds to enrol all such as can be proved to be in the organization.—We have heard, of course we do not assume to charge, but we publish the names, that those who are thus reported, may have an opportunity of denying. Indeed, they ought to be interrogated on the stump.

It is reported that Major Smith, of the Home Guard, candidate in Johnston; Messrs. R. P. Dick and D. F. Caldwell, in Guilford.—Mr. Dick is a councillor of State. That Thomas B. Long, of Chatham, who we believe under the wise selection of the Surgeon General, is a dry nurse in some Wayside Hospital, keeping the flies off the sick and wounded soldiers with the *olive branch* he proposed to wave. He now rewards the discrimination of the bureau of medicine by becoming a Holden candidate in Chatham, and it is said is a H. O. A.

If it struck any one as curious, that this Convention orator has got out of the service in the army by this medical recipe, it did not surprise us *at all*. Nor does it now surprise us that he runs as a Holden candidate, while he waves his branch in the "Wayside Hospital."

We hope, as soon as this election is over, if not before, that these militia officers, indeed all State officers who can be tracked into the den of infamy, will be conscripted. Gov. Vance will find it impossible to certify *for them*.

Fatal Railroad Collision.

We learn that a fatal collision occurred on the N. C. Railroad on Sunday last, by which a lady was killed and some seven other passengers severely but not dangerously wounded. We learn from a passenger who was on the train, that the hat of the Conducter (Robinson) was blown off, and he stopped the train and backed it in search of his hat, declaring in a pet, that he would have it if he had to stay all night to get it. In passing round a curve, a freight train ran into the passenger train and a terrible collision occurred. The lady killed was a Mrs. Alston, of Chatham, daughter of Mr. Hill, of Greensboro'. The Conductor seeing the mischief he had produced, broke for the woods and has not since been seen. From all we can learn, it was a piece of great fool-hardy recklessness, and deserves the severest punishment.

Patrick McGowan.

When the Post Master General removed Mr. McGowan from the office of distributing the mails, he had good reason, and thus sought to disconnect him with the public service. But it seems to be a very difficult matter of accomplishment. We understand Mr. McGowan has been able to find an employment under some Department, we don't know where or what, which takes him continually to the army; and if Mr. Holden wants a vehicle for the conveyance of all the "rolled up papers" which he might wish to send, Mr. McGowan is the largest omnibus he could find for the purpose. Now whatever officer has given Mr. McGowan this facility of serving Mr. Holden, has deserved the gratitude of the latter, which he will no doubt repay in his usual style.

It is stated that Major W. W. Peirce, Quartermaster, has been the employer of Mr. McGowan; and we mention this, in order to express our opinion to the contrary; for although there are persons who doubt the Major, we have heard him express his opinions of Mr. Holden's course in terms sufficiently strong to satisfy us, that *he* would not play into his hands in this way.

It would be well for the Government to find out what officer it is, who puts into Government employ, the discharged of other Departments. If the soldiers meet with Mr. McGowan, they will be able to get other things besides meat and bread.

The News.

The Petersburg *Express* of Saturday says there has been no material change in the situation of affairs in that vicinity, for a day or two. It is thought that Grant is still contracting his lines in front of our right. This may be for the purpose of massing his forces on our left where perhaps he contemplates an attack. This is mere speculation, however. There was the usual amount of mortar shelling the day previous, and some picket firing. Several shells were thrown into the city, but not so many as the day before.

A scout, deemed reliable reports that the yankees has received Northern papers of the 14th—and thatthough not allowed to pass them into our lines, the yankees say "Baltimore had gone up a spout," and the news from Washington was very discouraging. They also state that it was reported at Headquarters that some piratical craft and crew had released the rebel prisoners at Point Lookout. This report comes also from other quarters, but we fear it is too good to be true.

From the Petersburg Express.

Further from Baltimore and Washington.

Through the kind exertions of a friend, we succeeded yesterday afternoon in obtaining a copy of the Washington *Chronicle* of Wednesday last, July 13. In contains but little additional news to that already given.

OPERATIONS AROUND WASHINGTON.

The local reporter of the *Chronicle* under the heading—"A view of things at the Front," has two and a half columns, but it is composed for the main part, of speculations and foolish remarks on sights seen while en route to the defences. All that will interest our readers, may be summed up as follows:

The writer walked up Seventh street a distance of three miles, which brought him to Fort Stevens, Fort Totten and Fort Slocum. It was there ascertained that no engagement whatever had transpired, with the exception of skirmishing along the line, and the constant discharge of musketry could then be heard. No general engagement transpired up to the hour of the writer's departure, 4 p. m., but during the whole day, (Tuesday,) the infantry on the outer picket line kept up a sharp fire, and were as sharply replied to by the rebels. The cannonading was all done by the Union forces, the rebels not replying.—The writer says he climbed a tree, where he plainly saw that the rebels were being reinforced by the arrival of troops. Cavalry and infantry came in from the North on the Seventh street road. Nearly all passed to the right or east side of the road, and other troops that were before on the west side, passed over to the east. Rebel pickets were moving back and forth within less than a half mile of Fort Stevens, and were active in their operations.

Early Tuesday morning the rebels attempted to plant a battery to the northwest of Fort Reno. Several shells from a 100 pounder in Fort Reno compelled them to desist.

Lincoln, his wife, and several members of Congress, visited Fort Stevens at 4 p. m., and watched operations from the parapet. General Wright was also upon the parapet, directing the firing of the cannon. The report closes by saying, when we left Fort Stevens at 7½ o'clock, the impression was that the rebels in front of that and the fortifications on either hand were withdrawing. They were evidently burning houses during the afternoon along the county for several miles.

Notwithstanding the impression that the rebels were leaving, an imperative call has been made upon the militia to come out.

SENATOR SUMNER.

The *Chronicle* says this distinguished gentleman was on the tratn which the rebels captured at Gunpowder bridge. Fortunately for him, he was not recognized, or he would have been compelled to share the fate of General Franklin. The rebels would no doubt have exulted over the capture of so eminent ac hampion of free labor.

THE POINT OF ATTACK.

The *Chronicle* says:

There is quite a difference among military gentlemen as to the real point of attack of the rebels. While some suppose that the tentative operations on the Seventh-street road are preliminary to a grand attack, others fancy that they are simply designed to engage attention on the Maryland side, while Longstreet and the main body of the rebels will make the serious assault across the river.—Others again suppose that the whole demonstration is simply a feint to cover the grand marauding achievements of the rebel cavalry, and we have heard of a leading secessionist, who declares that by Saturday, there will not be rebel soldier this side of the Potomac. It behooves us to be prepared for every emergency. Better be excessive in our precautions, than to find ourselves wanting in the hour of trial because of our supineness and incredulity.

BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

The following items appear in the *Chronicle* of Wednesday:

There was no telegraph communication with Baltimore yesterday after half-past 12 p. m. Sometime in the morning a despatch was received from New York on official business, but before an answer could be sent the wires were cut. A mail by the early train from Baltimore was received yesterday, but since then there has been no communication. A mail for New York and elsewhere will be despatched to-day by a steamer.

RAILROAD COMUNICATION TO BALTIMORE.

The early trains this morning got through safe. In the afternoon, about 3 o'clock, an engine and car were started on a short reconnoissance; but beyond Bladensburg it was ascertained that the rebel cavalry had been busy. Indeed, the men on the construction train near Beltsville barely escaped the rebel detachment sent there to inrercept communication. They were fired at, but without success. It would seem that the rebel force had swung round partially from Seventh street to the vicinity of Fort Lincoln, and their advance has doubtless been preceded by the cavalry, who have cut the telegraph wires and destroyed the railroad in the neighborhood of Beltsville. The Laurel and Paint Branch bridges were burned by the enemy.

We understand that the railroad between this city and Baltimore is cut in five different places, so that it may take some time to repair it. Every effort, however, will be made to resume communication at the earliest practicable moment.

NO DISPATCHES.

Of course, in the present isolated condition of affairs, we have no telegraphic news for our readers. As the Potomac is, however, open, we hope that the mails will temporarily answer the use of the telegraph.

DESTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE—CAPTURE OF THE TRAIN—THE PASSENGERS ROBBED, ETC., ETC.

The Baltimore *Gazette* of Tuesday, says:

Mr. William Crawford, the agent of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad Company, despatched, as usual, the mail train yesterday at 8.40 a. m., and its progress as far as Magnolia Station, twenty-two miles from Baltimore, was telegraphed as all right. Hearing nothing from the the raiders on the line of the road, the through express train for New York was sent off as usual at 2.40 a. m. About ten minutes after its starting the telegraph communication of the company north was interrupted, and there was then some apprehension in regard to the train.

When it reached Stemmer's Run, nine miles from Baltimore, where it does not stop, the operator there endeavored to report its progress, but found that the line had been cut north of the station, and so informed the superintendent here. After passing Stemmer's Run the train sped on as usual, and in a short time crossed the Gunpowder bridge, and was approaching Magnolia Station when the shrill whistle called the men to put down the breaks. This sudden interruption excited the curiosity of the passengers, many of whom rushed to the platforms, when, to their alarm, they discovered that the railroad buildings were on fire, and the place was surrounded by Confederate cavalry. The train was stopped and surrounded by the raiders, who immediately ordered the passengers, between two and three hundred in number, to alight, which was done very quickly, causing much alarm and consternation among the ladies and children.

It is not known whether any baggage was allowed to be taken from the train, or whether the valuables of the Adams Express Company were saved; but as soon as the cars, some eight or ten in numer, were evacuated, they were set on fire, the engine reversed and the flaming mass started towards the Gunpowder bridge, where they were consumed, together with a large and the most valuable portion of the bridge. The steamer Juniata, which had been fitted with guns for the protection of the bridge, was lying in the river, but from the fact that no force appeared there, she could render no service for its protection. The vessel, however, we learn, took on board all the passengers from the train and started with them for Perryville, opposite Havre de Grace, on the Susquehanna river, whence they were sent to Philadelphia. The buildings at Magnolia belonging to the company were not very extensive, although they generally contained considerable produce belonging to the residents of the surrounding country. Magnolia was also a watering station, and the destruction of the apparatus will be a serious loss. The burning of the train of cars, many of which were of the finest and most approved make, will incur a loss to the company of several thousand dollars.

There were rumors here last night of the destruction of the bridge over Bush river, at Back river, and also over Stemmer's Run, but the railroad authorities had no knowledge of such being the case; in fact, they only knew of the burning of the bridge at Gunpowder. Some indications were noticed on the wires last night, which led to the suspicious that some persons were tampering with them, between Baltimore and Stemmer's Run. It was reported that a considerable body of horsemen had been seen passing towards Back river about five o'clock. Whether they were any of the raiders it was impossible to learn.

THE FATE OF GENERAL E. B. TYLER.

As there have been various rumors afloat in relation to the fate of this officer who was very well known in this city, and who was yesterday reported, in the afternoon edition of the daily paper, as safe at Ellicott's Mills, we have taken some pains to ascertain, from a most reliable sources, the facts in the case.—In the first place, a telegram from Ellicott's Mills at one o'clock last evening, stated that nothing whatever was known of his whereabouts, and in the second place, all the circumstances render it probable that he has been captured or killed. He was at the stone bridge across the Monocacy, on the Baltimore road, when last seen, accompanied by Captain Webb and Lieut. Goldsborough, of his staff, and Captain Pratt, of the 3rd regiment Potomac Home Brigade, neither of whom have since been seen or heard of; and the fire of the sharpshooters was directed at that time to that point with considerable effect. So the presumption is very strong that he is, at best, a prisoner. Cap. Weigel, of his staff, was not with him, being disabled from riding by a fall of his horse on the previous evening, and, at his own request, having been given charge of a twenty-four pounder gun, which he served throughout the fight, and subsequently brought off the field

THE FLORIDA AT WORK—FIVE MORE VESSELS BURNED.

Philadelphia, July 11.—Sixty-one men arrived to day, by the way of Cape May, the crews of the barks *Greenland, General Berry, Gleconda, Zelinda*, and the schooner *Margaret Davis*, all burned since the 9th instant, by the privateer *Florida*.

A United States steamer passed the cape to-day, apparently in search of the pirate.

Interesting from Washington City.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of Saturday last has the following interesting news from Washington City:

The Washington *Star*, (evening paper,) of the 12th, was received last night. It gives the following particulars in regard to the investment of Washington by the Confederates.

Three O'Clock P. M.—Along the entire line this morning the rebels present a much bolder front than they did yesterday, and the indications are that they have been heavily reinforceed with infantry.

During last night they succeeded in erecting a six gun battery in the vicinity of Fort Reno, from which they fired a few shots this morning, doing no damage however. The battery is a light affair apparently.

Up to the present time some fifty prisoners have been brought in from different points, and as detachments of our cavalry are operating on the flank and rear of the enemy, many stragglers will doubtless be picked up.

In all the skirmishing in front of the fortifications of Washington, occurring throughout yesterday, last night and this morning, our picket lines were not driven back a foot from their position before the enemy appeared in their front, except at Fort Stevens, (in the vicinity of the 7th street road,) where a considerable force of rebels seems to be massed. This forenoon a force sufficient was thrown forward at that point and the rebel line was accordingly pressed back half a mile more.

Other parts of our line drove the skirmishers back a considerable distance, but they (the rebels) regained some of the ground, and at 11 o'clock to-day the skirmishers on both sides were in close proximity to the fort and continually popping at each other.

Two prisoners brought in state that their force in the immediate vicinity of Forts Stevens and De Russey numbered 40,000, of which a considerable portion were infantry, with a little artillery, but that they expected heavy reinforcements of artillery.

Five o'clock P. M.—The indications this forenoon, on the front, lead to the conclusion that the rebels are extending their lines towards the Eastern Branch, if not withdrawing most of their troops from in front of the fortifications from Seventh street road west.

The railroad between here and Baltimore has been pretty effectually broken up by the rebels between Beltsville and Laurel, including the bridge at Laurel.

The roads leading to the city are filled with contrabands making their way here.

They represent the country between Beltsville and Bladensburg as filled with rebel cavalry.

FROM MARYLAND.

We received, at a late hour last night a letter from a well known citizen of Maryland, dated on the 13th instant, by which we learn that Washington City is completely invested on the north side, from the Potomac to the Eastern Branch, or Anacosta river.

"Every railroad north of Baltimore and leading into that city, has been cut, and the telegraph destroyed.

"Martial law has been declared in Washington, and no one permitted to go in or leave the city.

"To-day, the 13th, every thing has been unusually quiet. Not a gun has been heard up to this time—6.30. It is believed they are negotiating for the surrender of Washington, or giving time for the removal of women and children.

"Two forts that defend Washington—Lincoln and Stevens—have been taken.

"Wallace, who fought our forces at Monocacy Junction, is supposed to have had fifteen thousand troops—a large number were 100 days' men, who when repulsed, threw down their arms and scattered to the winds.

"Kautz cavalry, who figured in the raid below Petersburg, were with Wallace.

"Our men have captured the outer works before Washington."

"Twenty-six transports and steamers passed up the Potomac yesterday, (the 12th,) loaded with troops supposed to be from Grant's army."

"It is rumored here that New Orleans has been captured by Dick Taylor and Price."

Correspondence of the Augusta Constitutionalist.

ATLANTA, July 13, 1864

The art of war seems to be reduced to a single pair of terms, strategy and reticence, the first signifying the best mode of doing nothing, the second of knowing nothing, and both amounting to one magnificent humbug.

I am happy to say that in this department we are not afflicted with a great amount of either, and hence I hope.

That the enemy will reconstruct the bridge over the Chattahoochee six miles out of Atlanta before he attempts either an attack or flank upon Atlanta, seems to be a settled opinion among military men. It will be of a piece with all his movements, wary, cautious, slow. His demonstrations on LaGrange are merely initiatory. He will first try Stone Mountain. It is no further from Marietta to Stone Mountain than from Atlanta to the same point.—Hooker's Corps has gone to Marietta, and it is believed to make preparations for an advance in this direction. The force of the enemy on this side of the Chattahoochee is small as yet, but they can cross as many men as they please.

General Bragg has arrived. He has been sent out, it is understood, upon a tour or general inspection, and has visited this department merely by the way, and without any special purpose.

MARRIED,

At the residence of the bride's father, on the evening of the 6th inst., by the Rev. Lewis K. Wiley, Mr. J. E. BURROUGHS to Miss M. S., eldest daughter of Maj. D. K. Glover, all of Granville county, N. C.

Thus hath two youthful hearts been united by the strongest of all earthly ties. And as they now enter upon the broad arena of their new life, may joy and happiness ever be theirs. AMICUS.

Spirit of the Age please copy.

DIED,

At the residence of her son-in-law, Norman Alston, Esq., in the county of Chatham, on the morning of the 1st of July, of liver disease, Mrs. ELIZA B. CLARY, relict of Wiley Clary, dec'd, of the county of Bertie, N. C. She was born in Bertie county, where she resided until two years since, when, driven from her home by our relentless foes to seek an asylum with an only daughter, where, by her gentle manners, amiable disposition and christian deportment, she soon gathered around her many warm friends, from whom she received every mark of their high appreciation of her during her sojourn here, but more especially during her illness. She was a consistent member of the Missionary Baptist Church for more than twenty years. She lived as true christians live, and died as only they can die, perfectly resigned, calmly awaiting the summons of her Lord, that but transferred her from earth to the bosom of her God. The writer of this feeble tribute of respect to departed worth, knew her well, and can truthfully say, in her were blended all the beauties of the female character, gilded with deep piety. She leaves one daughter and a son. The loss to them is irreparable. Over her the grave gained no victory, and for her death had no sting. She was fifty years, eight months and twenty-one days old on the day of her departure from earth to heaven. L. B. T.

TELEGRAPHIC.

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

Our Forces Recrossed the Potomac.

RICHMOND, July 18.—An official dispatch relieved at the War Department this morning, states that the Confederate forces which appeared in front of Washington on Tuesday, recrossed the Potomac on the 14th, bringing off everything safely and in good order. Our loss was slight.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, July 18.—Gen. Johnston was released to-day from the command of the Army of Tennessee, and Gen. Hood appointed in his place.

G. A. Trenholm has been appointed Secretary of the Treasury, and the oath of office was administered to-day.

From the North.

PETERSBURG, July 18th.—Northern dates to the 15th and 16th received. Despatches from Nashville say that since Johnson's retreat from Kennesaw mountain, Sherman has picked up three thousand prisoners.

The *Chronicle* of the 16th says editorially, that it is now safe to say there were periods between Saturday night and Monday morning when the rebels might have dashed into Washington and effected its capture if not occupation. The *Chronicle* also says the rebels seem flattered because they have put Washington and Baltimore in terror, and that they will not hesitate to repeat the experiment.

The *Chronicle* also says editorially, that Sherman has crossed the Chattahoochee, and that Johnston is inside the fortifications around Atlanta. It also says that it is not probable that Johnston, who failed to arrest Sherman in his fortified mountain stronghold, will be able to detain him long before the town, in an open country accessible to approaches on all sides.

The *Chronicle* says further, that the danger is that Johnson will give up the place in despair, and destroy such of his munitions and supples as cannot be removed, and retreat further to the Southwest, in the direction of Augusta or Savannah. It says that probably Sherman will anticipate any movement of the kind and cut off every facility of retreat by the destruction of the railroads.

Gold 250.

Funeral Notice.

The funeral of MAUD, daughter of J. M. and V. A. Lovejoy will take place from the Episcopal Church to-day at ten a. m.

New Advertisements.

CONFEDERATE TICKET FOR GRANVILLE.

FOR THE SENATE:
C. H. K. TAYLOR.

FOR THE COMMONS:
JOHN W. HARGROVE,
E. G. CHEATHAM,
DR. P. P. PEACE.
july 20-dtd

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

CANDIDATES FOR THE SENATE:
DR. W. S. COPELAND.

CANDIDATES FOR THE COMMONS:
CAPT. S. T. STANCELL,
LIEUT. W. J. ROGERS.

Election in camp, Thursday, the 28th of July; at home, Thursday, the 4th of August.
july 20-dtw&wte

SPLENDID BLOCKAE SHOES.

A SMALL LOT OF FINE SHOES, LATEST style for Ladies and Gentlemen, at a slight advance on importer's prices, at
N. C. BOOKSTORE.

TO THE VOTERS OF CARTERET AND JONES.

IN compliance with the wishes of many friends in and out of the army, I announce myself a candidate to represent your Senatorial District in the next General Assembly of North Carolina. If elected, I pledge my entire devotion to your public and personal interest.
july 20-dts C. B. ISLER.
State Journal copy and send bill to the subscriber at Kinston.

SALE POSTPONED.

THE SALE at our Store, advertised to take place on the 14th inst., is postponed, but will positively take place on the first Wednesday in August.
See notice of Auctioneer.
ELIAS & COHEN.
Charlotte, July 20-oawtd

Change of Business.

DESIRING to open a new assortment of *DRY GOODS* and *GROCERIES*, which we intend to exhibit for sale by the first of September, and will sell either at wholesale or retail, we now offer at private sale our entire stock of Dry Goods, a general assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Carriage Trimmings, Hoop Iron, Nails, Water Buckets and Tanner's Oil.

—ALSO—

Salt, Rice, Coffee, Sugar, Pepper, Ginger and Spices, of every description, with other articles too numerous to mention.

The above goods we will sell at private sale, to suit purchasers, until the 1st August, when the balance of the stock will positively be sold at Public Auction, as advertised.
ELIAS COHEN.
Charlotte, July 20-oawtd

FOR SALE.

900 FEET of large Chain (heavy made from 5-8 inch round iron.)
One 40 horse power Stationary Engine, with four Cylinder Boilers, complete, with large lot of Pipe, &c.
One 12 horse Stationary Engine.
One large new Oil Still or Tank, made of new boiler Plate, wide sheets, never used.
One large Dimpfel Fan, in comple order.
Parties in want of these articles would do well to apply *at once.*
SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.,
North State Iron and Brass Works.
Raleigh, July 19, 1864. jul 10-6t
Wilmington Journal copy 2 weeks and send bill to this office.

FLAG OF TRUCE LETTERS.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
WAR DEPATMENT, BUREAU OF EXCHANGE,
Richmond, Va., July 1st, 1864.

1. All letters to go North by flag of truce must be sent to this office.

2. Each letter must be inclosed in a separate envelope and addressed to me, Bureau of Exchange, Richmond, Va.

3. No letter must exceed in length one page of ordinary sized letter paper, and its contents be confined strictly to personal or family matters. No letter alluding to the movements or localities of troops will be allowed to pass.

4. Each letter must contain a United States postage stamp, or its equivalent in silver or United States currency. These regulations will be rigidly enforced, and no letter transmitted in which they are not strictly ouserved.

ROB'T. OULD,
Agent of Exchange.

[Official.]
W. H. HATCH, Capt. and A. A. G.
july 20-d6t